5502A Multi-Product Calibrator

Robust, transportable solution to match your workload and budget

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Calibration

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5502A features at a glance

• Calibrates a wide variety of electrical test equipment

BBEB

- Robust protection circuits prevent costly damage from operator error
- Ergonomically designed carrying handles make the 5502A easy to transport
- Rugged carrying case with built-in handles and wheels and removable front/rear access doors for in-situ calibration in almost any environment
- Current output that extends to 120 A when paired with the 52120A Transconductance Amplifier
- Remarkably affordable



Calibration

Practical solutions for calibrating in the lab or in the field

A full-functioned calibrator that covers a wide range of common workload

The 5502A Multi-Product Calibrator addresses common workload items like 3.5 and 4.5 digit digital multimeters and more. It comes with internal and external protection features that enable you to transport it easily and perform on-site or mobile calibration. The 5502A can also be fully automated with MET/CAL® *Plus* Calibration Management Software. It is the ideal calibrator for metrology professionals who need a solution for calibrating low-to-medium accuracy electrical instrumentation.

The 5502A sources direct voltage and current; alternating voltage and current with multiple waveforms and harmonics; simultaneous voltage and current outputs or dual voltage outputs to simulate dc and ac power with phase control; as well as resistance, capacitance, thermocouples and RTDs. The 5502A can also measure thermocouples and thermocouple simulators. Two options add the capability to calibrate oscilloscopes to either 300 MHz or 600 MHz.

Using the Fluke Calibration 52120A Transconductance Amplifier, the 5502A's output current can be extended from 20.5 to 120 A; and with the use of 25 and 50 turn coils, it can calibrate instruments requiring up to 6000 A.

The 5502A calibrator covers many of the most common items in your workload, including:

- Handheld and bench meters (analog and digital) to 4.5 digits
- Current clamps and clamp meters
- Panel meters
- Electronic thermometers
- Chart recorders
- Oscilloscope recorders
- XY recorders
- Data loggers

	Fluke Calibrators				
	Multi-Product			Multifunction	
		Calibrators	;	Calibr	ators
Workload	5080A	5502A	5522A	5700A	5730A
Analog/Panel meters					
High burden meters					
Low burden meters					
DMMs					
Basic dc V accuracy	100 ppm	50 ppm	11 ppm	6.4 ppm	3.25 ppm
3.5 digits (typ. ± 0.3 % dc V)					
4.5 digits (typ. ± 0.025 % dc V)					
5.5 digits (typ. ± 0.015 % dc V)					
6.5 digits (typ. ± 0.0024 % dc V)					
7.5 digits (typ. ± 12 ppm dc V)					
8.5 digits (typ. ± 3.9 ppm dc V)					
Temperature/Pressure					
RTD simulate					
RTD measure					
Thermocouple simulate					
Thermocouple measure					
Pressure modules			opt		
Oscilloscopes		1 channel			
200 MHz to 600 MHz	200 MHz opt	300 MHz or 600 MHz opt	600 MHz opt		
1.1 GHz			opt		
2.1 GHz					
3.2 GHz					
6 GHz					
25 ps fast edge					
Safety testers					
Hipot					
Megohm meters	opt				
Installation					
PATs					
Continuity	opt				
Power/Energy					
Wattmeters					
Harmonic analyzers					
Flicker meters			PQ opt		
Phase angle meters			PQ opt		
Power analyzers			PQ opt		
Power recorders					
Other					
Clamp meters					
LCR meters		CR only	CR only		
Process calibrators			,		
Data acquisition					
Non sine waveforms					
RF millivolt motors				opt	ont
	0	11	11	opt E	- opi

Overview

Internal circuitry protects against user error

Reverse power protection, check before

The bright, backlit LCD display is easy to read from all angles and under a variety of light conditions.

Ergonomically designed, rugged **handles** make the

connect, immediate output disconnection, and fuse protection on the 5502A easy to transport. output terminals offers "mistake proof" Press the SCOPE protection against common user errors. key for on-demand This protection is for applied external oscilloscope calibration voltages up to \pm 300 V peak. The control window displays a variety (optional). of status messages, soft key menus, and status and other auxiliary information. 2.0000 UB Output 1 MΩ + TRIG MOD MENU 1000.0 Hz OPR AUX A. Ω-SENSE, AUX V NORMAL SCOPE 8 9 6 5 3 2 POW -0 Calculator-style MULT [X] and DIV[+] Edit knob allows you Control output by Using soft keys pressing STBY keypad makes keys simplify stepping to vary the output. you can access When editing, the difand **OPR** keys. it easy to enter up and down in decade a "SPEC" menu values. multiples of any output ference between the lets you view setting, and let you step up original output and the uncertainty or down to the next range the edited output is for the present in a 1-2-5 sequence for computed automatically value. Temperature measurement modes calibrate oscilloscope calibration. and displayed in the thermocouple simulators and can also document control window. environmental conditions present at the time of calibration, as required by all quality standards.

> Soft keys allow access to the menus in the control windows, letting you select parameters such as offset, waveforms, phase, thermocouple or RTD type. PREV MENU lets you step backward through these menus.



Calibration

Automation, training and support

Time comparison for manual and automated calibration methods



Automate with MET/CAL[®] *Plus* software for consistent and efficient calibration

MET/CAL *Plus* software is a powerful application for creating, editing and testing calibration procedures and collecting and reporting results on a wide variety of instruments. It includes MET/CAL software—the industry leading software for automated calibration, and MET/TEAM[™]

Express—a dedicated system to manage your test and measurement assets. Or choose MET/ TEAM standard edition for fully-featured enterprise calibration asset management, with optional modules for on-site calibration, commerce



management, and customer web portal.

Using MET/CAL *Plus* Calibration Management Software can help you meet the requirements for documented processes, procedures and reports mandated by most quality standards. Automating with MET/CAL software also helps you increase throughput and streamline your calibration processes.

Priority software support helps you stay productive

MET/SUPPORTSM Gold is an annual membership program offering premium support and services to help you stay as productive as possible with MET/CAL *Plus* software. Services include free software updates and upgrades, free access to the MET/CAL Warranted Procedures Library, plus discounts on training and custom procedure development. Members also receive invitations to regular calibration software web seminars and user group meetings. Use only a few of the Gold services and you can easily recover more than the cost of your membership fee.

Calibration and repair service

Fluke Calibration offers extensive calibration support and service to ensure your long-term satisfaction and return on investment in calibration equipment. Our worldwide network of calibration centers offers accredited calibrations traceable to national standards. We also offer fast, quality repair and calibration services including a module exchange program and full support in setting up your lab.

Metrology training increases skill levels

Calibration and metrology training from Fluke Calibration can help you and your staff become more knowledgeable in a wide variety of disciplines. Instructor-led classroom training is available for general topics in metrology, as well as for calibration software. On-site training can also be scheduled if you have a number of people in your organization who would benefit.

Fluke Calibration also offers other educational events such as web seminars and road shows on a wide variety of topics. The best way to stay informed about these events is to register to receive email and direct mail from Fluke Calibration. You can register online at www.flukecal.com.

Summary specifications

Function and range	
Direct volts	0 to ± 1020 V
Direct current	0 to ± 20.5 A
Alternating volts	1 mV to 1020 V 10 Hz to 500 kHz
Volt/hertz	1000 V@10 kHz/330 V@100 kHz
Alternating current	29 μA to 20.5 A 10 Hz to 30 kHz
Waveforms	Sine, square, triangle, truncated sine
Resistance	0 Ω to 1100 MΩ
Capacitance	220 pF to 110 mF
Power (phantom loads)	20.9 kW
Phase control	0.01°
Thermocouple (source and measure temperature)	B, C, E, J, K, L, N, R, S, T, U 10 μV/°C and 1 mV/°C
RTD (source temperature)	Pt 385-100 Ω , Pt 3926-100 Ω , Pt 3916-100 Ω , Pt 385-200 Ω , Pt 385-500 Ω , Pt 385 1000 Ω , PtNi 385-120 Ω (Ni120), Cu 427 10 Ω
Interfaces	RS-232, IEEE 488
Frequency uncertainty	< 25 ppm
Oscilloscope calibrator (options)	Levelled sine wave from 5 mV to 5.5 Vpp max, frequencies 50 kHz to 600 MHz; edge rise times of < 300 ps, multiple trig- ger functions, lowest dc, square wave and timing uncertainty
Amplified current (accessory amplifier)	Extend from 20.5 A to a maximum of 100 A dc and 120 A ac from 10 Hz to 10 k Hz $$



Calibrate almost anywhere

Rugged transit case makes on-site calibration safe, easy, convenient

An optional shock-mounted transit case featuring builtin handles and wheels gives you the option of taking the calibrator to the workload for on-site or mobile applications. Once at the site, just remove the front and rear doors from the case for access to the 5502A's front and rear panels—the top, bottom and sides of the calibrator remain protected, and you don't need to fully unpack the calibrator for each use.





Calibration

Multi-product calibrator family



Innovation from the leader in calibration

Fluke Calibration pioneered the multiproduct calibrator concept, creating a family of instruments that allow you to calibrate the widest range of today's electronic test tools with a single instrument. These calibrators offer simple, portable, cost-effective solutions that allow you to match your calibrators to your workload and your budget.

5522A Multi-Product Calibrator

Robust, transportable wide workload coverage

The 5522A Multi-Product Calibrator is the most accurate model in this calibrator family. It calibrates digital multimeters into the 5.5 and 6.5 digit category. The 5522A addresses the widest calibration workload with optional power quality capabilities and oscilloscope calibration for scopes with bandwidths to 1100 MHz. It comes with internal and external protection features that protect it against damage and make it easier to transport for onsite or mobile calibration.

The 5522A can be fully automated with MET/CAL *Plus* Calibration Management Software. It is the ideal calibrator for metrology professionals who need to calibrate many different types of electronic equipment and want a transportable instrument that offers them a high return on investment.

5080A High Compliance Multi-Product Calibrator

Calibration solutions for your analog and digital workload

The 5080A Multi-Product Calibrator calibrates your analog and digital workload accurately and economically. Its high voltage and current compliance makes analog workload calibration easy and precise. With maximum burden up to 800 mA for ac/dc voltage, and voltage up to 50 V for ac/dc current, 5080A calibrators can drive a wide range of analog meters.

Built-in protection circuitry protects the 5080A against damaging input voltages. Versatile software applications enable you to record paperless results and more.

Options and accessories enable you to use the 5080A to calibrate an even broader workload, including clamp meters, oscilloscopes, and megohm meters.





Ordering Information

Model	
5502A	Multi–Product Calibrator
5502A/3	Multi–Product Calibrator with 300 MHz Oscilloscope Calibration Option
5502A/6	Multi–Product Calibrator with 600 MHz Oscilloscope Calibration Option
Accessories	
52120A	Transconductance Amplifier
5522A/	Rugged Carrying Case with
CARRYCASE	removable front/back panels
55XX/CASE	Transit Case with Wheels
5500A/	Thermocouple and Test
LEADS	Lead Set
5500A/COIL	50–Turn Coil
9100-200	Dual 10 & 50 Turn Coil
5500A/HNDL	Side Handle
Y5537	Rack Mount Kit

Software

MET/CAL	MET/CAL Plus Calibration
	Management Software
MET/TEAM	MET/TEAM Test Equipment Asset
	Management Software

The broadest range of calibration solutions

Fluke Calibration provides the broadest range of calibrators and standards, software, service, support and training in electrical, temperature, pressure, RF and flow calibration.

Visit **www.flukecal.com** for more information about Fluke Calibration products and services.

Fluke Calibration. Precision, performance, confidence."

Electrical RF Temperature	Pressure	Flow	Software		
Fluke Calibration	Fluke I	Europe B.V.			
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LO DOA 3030,	LO DOY	10 D0x 1100, 3002 DD			
Everett, WA 98206 U.S.A.	Eindho	Eindhoven, The Netherlands			
For more information call:					
In the U.S.A. (877) 355-3225 or Fax (425) 4	446-5116				
		1 101 40 000	70,000		
in Europe/M-East/Africa +31 (0) 40 2675 2	100 or Fax +3	1 (0) 40 26	15 222		
In Canada (200) 26 FILIKE ar Far (00E) 20	0 6066				

In Canada (800)-36-FLUKE or Fax (905) 890-6866 From other countries +1 (425) 446-5500 or Fax +1 (425) 446-5116 Web access: http://www.flukecal.com

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5502A Multi-Product Calibrator Extended specifications FLUKE

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Calibration



General Specifications

The following tables list the 5502A specifications. All specifications are valid after allowing a warm-up period of 30 minutes, or twice the time the 5502A has been turned off. (For example, if the 5502A has been turned off for 5 minutes, the warm-up period is 10 minutes.)

All specifications apply for the temperature and time period indicated. For temperatures outside of tcal \pm 5 °C (tcal is the ambient temperature when the 5502A was calibrated), the temperature coefficient as stated in the General Specifications must be applied.

The specifications also assume the Calibrator is zeroed every seven days or whenever the ambient temperature changes more than 5 °C. The tightest ohms specifications are maintained with a zero cal every 12 hours within \pm 1 °C of use.

Also see additional specifications later in this chapter for information on extended specifications for ac voltage and current. http://www.elsc.dk

warmup Time	
Settling Time	Less than 5 seconds for all functions and ranges except as noted.
Standard Interfaces	IEEE-488 (GPIB), RS-232
Temperature	
Operating Calibration (tcal) Storage	
Temperature Coefficient	Temperature coefficient for temperatures outside of tcal ± 5 °C is 10 % of the stated specification per °C.
Relative Humidity	
Operating Storage	
Altitude	
Operating Non-operating Safety	
Output Terminal Electrical Overload Pro	otection Provides reverse-power protection, immediate output disconnection, and/or fuse protection on the output terminals for all functions. This protection is for applied external voltages up to ± 300 V peak.
Analog Low Isolation	
Electromagnetic Environment	IEC 61326-1: Controlled
Electromagnetic Compatibility	If used in areas with electromagnetic fields of 1 V/m to 3 V/m from 0.08 GHz to 1 GHz, resistance outputs have a floor adder of 0.508 Ω . Performance not specified above 3 V/m. This instrument may be susceptible to electro-static discharge (ESD) to the binding posts. Good static awareness practices should be followed when handling this and other pieces of electronic equipment. Additionally, this instrument may be susceptible to electrical fast transients on the mains terminals. If any disturbances in operation are observed, it is recommended that the rear-panel chassis ground terminal be connected to a known good earth ground with a low-inductance ground strap. Note that a mains power outlet, while providing a suitable ground for protection against electric shock hazard, may not provide an adequate ground to properly drain away conducted rf disturbances and may, in fact, be the source of the disturbance. This instrument was certified for EMC performance with data I/O cables not in excess of 3 m.



Line Power	Line Voltage (selectable): 100 V, 120 V, 220 V, 240 V Line Frequency: 47 Hz to 63 Hz Line Voltage Variation: \pm 10 % about line voltage setting. For optimal performance at full dual outputs (e.g. 1000 V, 20 A) choose a line voltage setting that is \pm 7.5 % from nominal.
Power Consumption	600 VA
Dimensions (HxWxL)	17.8 cm x 43.2 cm x 47.3 cm (7 in x 17 in x 18.6 in) Standard rack width and rack increment, plus 1.5 cm (0.6 in) for feet on bottom of unit.
Weight (without options)	22 kg (49 lb)
Absolute Uncertainty Definition	The 5502A specifications include stability, temperature coefficient, linearity, line and load regulation, and the traceability of the external standards used for calibration. You do not need to add anything to determine the total specification of the 5502A for the temperature range indicated.
Specification Confidence Level	99 %

Detailed Specifications

DC Voltage

	Absolute Unce	rtainty, tcal ± 5	Stability			
Range	$^{\circ}C \pm (\% \text{ of output } + \mu V)$		24 hours, ± 1 °C	Resolution (µV)	Max Burden ^[1]	
	90 Day	1 Year	±(ppm of output + μV)			
0 to 329.9999 mV	0.005 + 3	0.006 + 3	5 + 1	0.1	65 Ω	
0 to 3.299999 V	0.004 + 5	0.005 + 5	4 + 3	1	10 mA	
0 to 32.99999 V	0.004 + 50	0.005 + 50	4 + 30	10	10 mA	
30 to 329.9999 V	0.0045 + 500	0.0055 + 500	4.5 + 300	100	5 mA	
100 to 1020.000 V	0.0045 + 1500	0.0055 + 1500	4.5 + 900	1000	5 mA	
	Auxiliary Output (dual output mode only) ^[2]					
0 to 329.999 mV	0.03 + 350	0.04 + 350	30 + 100	1	5 mA	
0.33 to 3.29999 V	0.03 + 350	0.04 + 350	30 + 100	10	5 mA	
3.3 to 7 V	0.03 + 350	0.04 + 350	30 + 100	100	5 mA	
	TC Simulate and Measure in Linear 10 μ V/°C and 1 mV/°C modes ^[3]					
0 to 329.9999 mV	0.005 + 3	0.006 + 3	5 + 1	0.1	10 Ω	
[1] Remote sensing is not provided. Output resistance is $< 5 \text{ m}\Omega$ for outputs $\geq 0.33 \text{ V}$. The AUX output has an output resistance of $< 1 \Omega$. TC simulation has an output impedance of $10 \Omega \pm 1 \Omega$.						

[2] Two channels of dc voltage output are provided.

[3] TC simulating and measuring are not specified for operation in electromagnetic fields above 0.4 V/m.

	N	Noise			
Range	Bandwidth 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz p- p ±(ppm of output + floor in µV)	Bandwidth 10 Hz to 10 kHz rms			
0 to 329.9999 mV	0 + 1	6 μV			
0 to 3.299999 V	0 + 10	60 μ V			
0 to 32.99999 V	0 + 100	600 μV			
30 to 329.9999 V	10 + 1000	20 mV			
100 to 1020.000 V	10 + 5000	20 mV			
	Auxiliary Output (dual output mode only	y) ^[1]			
0 to 329.999 mV	0 + 5 μ V	20 μ V			
0.33 to 3.29999 V	0 + 20 μ V	200 μ V			
3.3 to 7 V	0 + 100 μ V	1000 μ V			
[1] Two channels of dc voltage outp	ut are provided.				



DC Current

Range	Absolute Uncertainty, tcal $\pm 5 \text{ °C}$ $\pm (\% \text{ of output } +\mu \text{A})$		Resolution	Max Compliance	Max Inductive
	90 Day	1 Year	voltage v		LOad IIIH
0 to 329.999 µA	0.012 + 0.02	0.015 + 0.02	1 nA	10	
0 to 3.29999 mA	0.010 + 0.05	0.013 + 0.05	0.01 μ A	10	
0 to 32.9999 mA	0.008 + 0.25	0.010 + 0.25	0.1 μ A	7	
0 to 329.999 mA	0.008 + 3.3	0.010 + 2.5	1 μ Α	7	
0 to 1.09999 A	0.023 + 44	0.038 + 44	10 μ Α	6	400
1.1 to 2.99999 A	0.030 + 44	0.038 + 44	10 μ Α	6	
0 to 10.9999 A (20 A Range)	0.038 + 500	0.060 + 500	100 μ Α	4	
11 to 20.5 A ^[1]	0.080 + 750 ^[2]	0.10 + 750 ^[2]	100 μ A	4	

[1] Duty Cycle: Currents <11 A may be provided continuously. For currents >11 A, see Figure 1. The current may be provided Formula 60-T-I minutes any 60 minute period where T is the temperature in °C (room temperature is about 23 °C) and I is the output current in amperes. For example, 17 A, at 23 °C could be provided for 60-23-17 = 20 minutes each hour. When the 5502A is outputting currents between 5 and 11 amps for long periods, the internal self-heating reduces the duty cycle. Under those conditions, the allowable "on" time indicated by the formula and Figure 1 is achieved only after the 5502A is outputting currents <5 A for the "off" period first.</p>

[2] Floor specification is 1500 μA within 30 seconds of selecting operate. For operating times >30 seconds, the floor specification is 750 μA.

Banga	Noise			
Kange	Bandwidth 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz p-p	Bandwidth 10 Hz to 10 kHz rms		
0 to 329.999 μA	2 nA	20 nA		
0 to 3.29999 mA	20 nA	200 nA		
0 to 32.9999 mA	200 nA	2.0 μ A		
0 to 329.999 mA	2000 nA	20 μ A		
0 to 2.99999 A	20 μ A	1 mA		
0 to 20.5 A	200 μ A	10 mA		



Figure 1. Allowable Duration of Current >11 A

	Absolute Uncertainty, tcal $\pm 5 \text{ °C} \pm (\% \text{ of output + floor})^{[2]}$					
Range ^[1]	% of o	utput	Floor (Ω) Time and temp since ohms zero cal		Resolution (Ω)	Allowable Current ^[3] (A)
	90 Day	1 Year	12 hrs ±1 °C	7 days ±5 °C		
0 to 10.999 Ω	0.009	0.012	0.001	0. 01	0.001	1 mA to 125 mA
11 to 32.999 Ω	0.009	0.012	0.0015	0.015	0.001	1 mA to 125 mA
33 to 109.999 Ω	0.007	0.009	0.0014	0.015	0.001	1 mA to 70 mA
110 to 329.999 Ω	0.007	0.009	0.002	0.02	0.001	1 mA to 40 mA
330 to 1.09999 kΩ	0.007	0.009	0.002	0.02	0.01	1 mA to 18 mA
1.1 to 3.29999 kΩ	0.007	0.009	0.02	0.2	0.01	100 μ A to 5 mA
3.3 to 10.9999 kΩ	0.007	0.009	0.02	0.1	0.1	100 μA to 1.8 mA
11 to 32.9999 kΩ	0.007	0.009	0.2	1	0.1	10 μA to .5 mA
33 to 109.999 kΩ	0.008	0.011	0.2	1	1	10 μA to 0.18 mA
110 to 329.999 kΩ	0.009	0.012	2	10	1	1 μ Α to 50 μ Α
330 kΩ to 1.09999 MΩ	0.011	0.015	2	10	10	1 μ Α to 18 μ Α
1.1 to 3.29999 ΜΩ	0.011	0.015	30	150	10	250 nA to 5 μ A
3.3 to 10.9999 ΜΩ	0.045	0.06	50	250	100	250 nA to 1.8 μA
11 to 32.9999 ΜΩ	0.075	0.1	2500	2500	100	25 nA to 500 nA
33 to 109.999 MΩ	0.4	0.5	3000	3000	1000	25 nA to 180 nA
110 to 329.999 MΩ	0.4	0.5	100000	100000	1000	2.5 nA to 50 nA
330 to 1100.00 MO	1.2	1.5	500000	500000	10000	1 nA to 13 nA

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[1] Continuously variable from 0 Ω to 1.1 G Ω .

Resistance

[2] Applies for 4-WIRE compensation only. For 2-WIRE and 2-WIRE COMP, add 5 μ V per amp of stimulus current to the floor specification. For example, in 2-WIRE mode, at 1 k Ω the floor specification within 12 hours of an ohms zero cal for a measurement current of 1 mA is: 0.002 Ω + 5 μ V / 1 mA = (0.002 + 0.005) Ω = 0.007 Ω .

[3] Do not exceed the largest current for each range. For currents lower than shown, the floor adder increases by $\text{Floor}_{[new]} = \text{Floor}_{[old]} \times I_{min}/I_{actual}$. For example, a 50 μ A stimulus measuring 100 Ω has a floor specification of: 0.0014 $\Omega \times 1$ mA/50 μ A = 0.028 Ω , assuming an ohms zero calibration within 12 hours.



AC Voltage (Sine Wave)

		Absolute Unc	ertainty, tcal			Max Distortion and Noise 10 Hz		
Range	Frequency	(% of out	put + μV)	Resolution	Max Burden	to 5 MHz		
		90 Day	1 Year			output + floor)		
	10 Hz to 45 Hz	0.120 + 20	0.150 + 20			0.15 + 90 μ V		
	45 Hz to 10 kHz	0.080 + 20	0.100 + 20			0.035 + 90 μ V		
1.0.40	10 kHz to 20 kHz	0.120 + 20	0.150 + 20		65 Ω	0.06 + 90 μ V		
32.999 mV	20 kHz to 50 kHz	0.160 + 20	0.200 + 20	1 μ V		0.15 + 90 μ V		
021000	50 kHz to 100 kHz	0.300 + 33	0.350 + 33			0.25 + 90 μV		
	100 kHz to 500 kHz	0.750 + 60	1.000 + 60			0.3 + 90 μ V ^[1]		
	10 Hz to 45 Hz	0.042 + 20	0.050 + 20			0.15 + 90 μ V		
	45 Hz to 10 kHz	0.029 + 20	0.030 + 20			0.035 + 90 μ V		
33 mV to	10 kHz to 20 kHz	0.066 + 20	0.070 + 20		65 Ω	0.06 + 90 μ V		
329.999 mV	20 kHz to 50 kHz	0.086 + 40	0.100 + 40	1 μ V		0.15 + 90 μ V		
	50 kHz to 100 kHz	0.173 + 170	0.230 + 170			0.2 + 90 μ V		
	100 kHz to 500 kHz	0.400 + 330	0.500 + 330			0.2 + 90 μV ^[1]		
	10 Hz to 45 Hz	0.042 + 60	0.050 + 60			0.15 + 200 μ V		
	45 Hz to 10 kHz	0.028 + 60	0.030 + 60			0.035 + 200 μ V		
0.33 V to 3.29999 V	10 kHz to 20 kHz	0.059 + 60	0.070 + 60			0.06 + 200 μV		
	20 kHz to 50 kHz	0.083 + 60	0.100 + 60	10 μ V	10 mA	0.15 + 200 μ V		
	50 kHz to 100 kHz	0.181 + 200	0.230 + 200			0.2 + 200 μ V		
	100 kHz to 500 kHz	0.417 + 900	0.500 + 900			0.2 + 200 μ V ¹¹		
	10 Hz to 45 Hz	0.042 + 800	0.050 + 800		10 mA	0.15 + 2 mV		
2 2 17 +0	45 Hz to 10 kHz	0.025 + 600	0.030 + 600			0.035 + 2 mV		
32.9999 V	10 kHz to 20 kHz	0.064 + 600	0.070 + 600	100 μ V		0.08 + 2 mV		
0210000	20 kHz to 50 kHz	0.086 + 600	0.100 + 600			0.2 + 2 mV		
	50 kHz to 100 kHz	0.192 + 2000	0.230 + 2000			0.5 + 2 mV		
	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.039 + 3000	0.050 + 3000			0.15 + 10 mV		
	1 kHz to 10 kHz	0.064 + 9000	0.080 + 9000		5 mA, except	0.05 +10 mV		
33 V to	10 kHz to 20 kHz	0.079 + 9000	0.090 + 9000	1 mV	20 mA for	0.6 + 10 mV		
329.999 V	20 kHz to 50 kHz	0.096 + 9000	0.120 + 9000		45 HZ 10 65 Hz	0.8 + 10 mV		
	50 kHz to 100 kHz	0.192 + 80000	0.240 + 80000		00 112	1 + 10 mV		
	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.042 + 20000	0.050 + 20000		2 m A ourgout	0.15 + 30 mV		
330 V to 1020 V	1 kHz to 5 kHz	0.064 + 20000	0.080 + 20000	10 mV	6 mA for 45	0.07 + 30 mV		
	5 kHz to 10 kHz	0.075 + 20000	0.090 + 20000		10 00 112	0.07 + 30 mV		
[1] Max Disto shown. Note Remote sensing	[1] Max Distortion for 100 kHz to 200 kHz. For 200 kHz to 500 kHz, the maximum distortion is 0.9 % of output + floor as shown. Note Remote sensing is not provided. Output resistance is <5 mΩ for outputs ≥0.33 V. The AUX output resistance is <1 Ω. The							
maximum	i ioau capacitance is 500	pr, subject to the	maximum burdei	i current limits.				



AUX (Auxiliary Output) [dual output mode only]									
Range	Frequency ^[1]	Absolute Uncertainty, tcal ±5 °C ±(% of output + µV)		Resolution	Max Burden	Max Distortion and Noise 10 Hz to 5 MHz Bandwidth			
		90 Day	1 Year			±(% of output + floor)			
	10 to 20 Hz	0.15 + 370	0.20 + 370			0.20 + 200 μ V			
1.0 to 329.999 mV	20 to 45 Hz	0.08 + 370	0.10 + 370		5 mA	0.06 + 200 μV			
	45 to 1 kHz	0.08 + 370	0.10 + 370			0.08 + 200 μV			
	1 to 5 kHz	0.15 + 450	0.20 + 450	Ιμν		0.30 + 200 μV			
	5 to 10 kHz	0.30 + 450	0.40 + 450			0.60 + 200 μV			
	10 to 30 kHz	4.00 + 900	5.00 + 900			1.00 + 200 μV			
	10 to 20 Hz	0.15 + 450	0.20 + 450			0.20 + 200 μV			
	20 to 45 Hz	0.08 + 450	0.10 + 450		5 mA	0.06 + 200 μV			
0.33 to	45 to 1 kHz	0.07 + 450	0.09 + 450	10		0.08 + 200 μV			
3.29999 V	1 to 5 kHz	0.15 + 1400	0.20 + 1400	10 μν		0.30 + 200 μV			
	5 to 10 kHz	0.30 + 1400	0.40 + 1400			0.60 + 200 μV			
	10 to 30 kHz	4.00 + 2800	5.00 + 2800	1		1.00 + 200 μV			
	10 to 20 Hz	0.15 + 450	0.20 + 450			0.20 + 200 μV			
	20 to 45 Hz	0.08 + 450	0.10 + 450			0.06 + 200 μV			
3.3 to 5 V	45 to 1 kHz	0.07 + 450	0.09 + 450	100 μ V	5 mA	0.08 + 200 μV			
	1 to 5 kHz	0.15 + 1400	0.20 + 1400			0.30 + 200 μV			
	5 to 10 kHz	0.30 + 1400	0.40 + 1400			0.60 + 200 μ V			
[1] There ar	e two channels of voltag	e output. The max	imum frequency c	of the dual output	t is 30 kHz.				
Note									
Remote sensir	na is not provided. Outpu	it resistance is <5	$\mathbf{m}\Omega$ for outputs ≥ 0	0.33 V. The AUX	output resistance	e is <1 Ω . The			

AC Voltage (Sine Wave) (cont.)

Remote sensing is not provided. Output resistance is <5 mΩ for outputs ≥0.33 V. The AUX output resistance is <1 Ω maximum load capacitance is 500 pF, subject to the maximum burden current limits.



AC Current (Sine Wave)

Range	Frequency	Absolute U tcal J (% of out	ncertainty, 5 °C ± put + μΑ)	Compliance adder ±(µA/V)	Max Distortion and Noise 10 Hz to 100 kHz BW ±(% of output + floor)	Max Inductive Load µH		
		90 Day	1 Year		,			
		1	LCOMP Off					
	10 to 20 Hz	0.16 + 0.1	0.2 + 0.1	0.05	0.15 + 0.5 μA			
	20 to 45 Hz	0.12 + 0.1	0.15 + 0.1	0.05	0.10 + 0.5 μA			
29 to	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.1 + 0.1	0.125 + 0.1	0.05	0.05 + 0.5 μA	200		
329.99 μ Α	1 to 5 kHz	0.25 + 0.15	0.3 + 0.15	1.5	0.50 + 0.5 μA	200		
	5 to 10 kHz	0.6 + 0.2	0.8 + 0.2	1.5	1.00 + 0.5 μ A			
	10 to 30 kHz	1.2 + 0.4	1.6 + 0.4	10	1.20 + 0.5 μ A			
	10 to 20 Hz	0.16 + 0.15	0.2 + 0.15	0.05	0.15 + 1.5 μ A			
	20 to 45 Hz	0.1 + 0.15	0.125 + 0.15	0.05	0.06 + 1.5 μ A			
0.33 to	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.08 + 0.15	0.1 + 0.15	0.05	0.02 + 1.5 μA	200		
3.29999 mA	1 to 5 kHz	0.16 + 0.2	0.2 + 0.2	1.5	0.50 + 1.5 μ A	200		
	5 to 10 kHz	0.4 + 0.3	0.5 + 0.3	1.5	1.00 + 1.5 μ A			
	10 to 30 kHz	0.8 + 0.6	1.0 + 0.6	10	1.20 + 0.5 μ A			
	10 to 20 Hz	0.15 + 2	0.18 + 2	0.05	0.15 + 5 μ A			
	20 to 45 Hz	0.075 + 2	0.09 + 2	0.05	0.05 + 5 μ A			
3.3 to	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.035 + 2	0.04 + 2	0.05	0.07 + 5 μ A	50		
32.9999 mA	1 to 5 kHz	0.065 + 2	0.08 + 2	1.5	0.30 + 5 μ A	50		
	5 to 10 kHz	0.16 + 3	0.2 + 3	1.5	0.70 + 5 μ A			
	10 to 30 kHz	0.32 + 4	0.4 + 4	10	1.00 + 0.5 μ A			
	10 to 20 Hz	0.15 + 20	0.18 + 20	0.05	0.15 + 50 μ A			
	20 to 45 Hz	0.075 + 20	0.09 + 20	0.05	0.05 + 50 μ A			
33 to	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.035 + 20	0.04 + 20	0.05	0.02 + 50 μ A	50		
329.999 mA	1 to 5 kHz	0.08 + 50	0.10 + 50	1.5	0.03 + 50 μ A			
	5 to 10 kHz	0.16 + 100	0.2 + 100	1.5	0.10 + 50 μ A			
	10 to 30 kHz	0.32 + 200	0.4 + 200	10	0.60 + 50 μ A			
	10 to 45 Hz	0.15 + 100	0.18 + 100		0.20 + 500 μ A			
0.33 to	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.036 + 100	0.05 + 100	101	0.07 + 500 μ A	2 5		
1.09999 A	1 to 5 kHz	0.5 + 1000	0.6 + 1000	[2]	1.00 + 500 μA	2.5		
	5 to 10 kHz	2.0 + 5000	2.5 + 5000	[3]	2.00 + 500 μ A			
	10 to 45 Hz	0.15 + 100	0.18 + 100		0.20 + 500 μ A			
1.1 to	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.05 + 100	0.06 + 100		0.07 + 500 μ A			
2.99999 A	1 to 5 kHz	0.5 + 1000	0.6 + 1000	[2]	1.00 + 500 μ A	2.5		
	5 to 10 kHz	2.0 + 5000	2.5 + 5000	[3]	2.00 + 500 μA			
	45 to 100 Hz	0.05 + 2000	0.06 + 2000		0.2 + 3 mA			
3 to 10.9999 A	100 Hz to 1 kHz	0.08 + 2000	0.10 + 2000		0.1 + 3 mA	1		
	1 kHz to 5 kHz	2.5 + 2000	3.0 + 2000		0.8 + 3 mA	_		
	45 to 100 Hz	0.1 + 5000	0.12 + 5000		0.2 + 3 mA			
11 to 20.5 A ^[1]	100 Hz to 1 kHz	0.13 + 5000	0.15 + 5000		0.1 + 3 mA	1		
	1 to 5 kHz	2.5 + 5000	3.0 + 5000		$0.8 + 3 m \bar{A}$	1		
[1] Duter C	lo: Curronte <11 A mon	he provided contin	uously For survey		ro 1 The current	ur ho		
provided	60-T-I minutes any 60	minute period whe	ere T is the temper	ature in °C (room	temperature is about	23 °C) and I		

provided 60-T-I minutes any 60 minute period where T is the temperature in °C (room temperature is about 23 °C) and is the output current in amps. For example, 17 A, at 23 °C could be provided for 60-17-23 = 20 minutes each hour. When the 5502A is outputting currents between 5 and 11 amps for long periods, the internal self-heating reduces the duty cycle. Under those conditions, the allowable "on" time indicated by the formula and Figure 1 is achieved only after the 5502A is outputting currents <5 A for the "off" period first.

[2] For compliance voltages greater than 1 V, add 1 mA/V to the floor specification from 1 to 5 kHz.

[3] For compliance voltages greater than 1 V, add 5 mA/V to the floor specification from 5 to 10 kHz.



Range	Fremency	Absolute Uncertainty, tcal ± 5 °C \pm (% of output + μ A)		Max Distortion and Noise 10 Hz to	May Inductive Load			
nange	Trequency	90 Day	1 Year	100 kHz BW ±(% of output + floor)	Max Inductive Load			
LCOMP On								
20 to 220 00	10 to 100 Hz	0.20 + 0.2	0.25 + 0.2	0.1 + 1.0 μ A				
29 το 329.99 μΑ	100 Hz to 1 kHz	0.50 + 0.5	0.60 + 0.5	0.05 + 1.0 μ A				
330 μA to	10 to 100 Hz	0.20 + 0.3	0.25 + 0.3	0.15 + 1.5 μ A				
3.29999 mA	100 Hz to 1 kHz	0.50 + 0.8	0.60 + 0.8	0.06 + 1.5 μ A				
3.3 to	10 to 100 Hz	0.07 + 4	0.08 + 4	0.15 + 5 μ A	400			
32.9999 mA	100 Hz to 1 kHz	0.18 + 10	0.20 + 10	0.05 + 5 μ A	400 µH			
33 to	10 to 100 Hz	0.07 + 40	0.08 + 40	0.15 + 50 μ A				
329.999 mA	100 Hz to 1 kHz	0.18 + 100	0.20 + 100	0.05 + 50 μ A				
330 mA to	10 to 100 Hz	0.10 + 200	0.12 + 200	0.2 + 500 μ A				
2.99999 A	100 to 440 Hz	0.25 + 1000	0.30 + 1000	0.25 + 500 μ A				
2 2 A to 20 E A [1]	45 to 100 Hz	0.10 + 2000 [2]	0.12 + 2000 [2]	0.1 + 0 μ A	400 u ^[4]			
3.3 A 10 20.5 A	100 to 440 Hz	0.80 + 5000 [3]	1.00 + 5000 [3]	0.5 + 0 μ A	400 μπ			

AC Current (Sine Wave) (cont.)

[1] Duty Cycle: Currents <11 A may be provided continuously. For currents >11 A, see Figure 1. The current may be provided 60-T-I minutes any 60 minute period where T is the temperature in °C (room temperature is about 23 °C) and I is the output current in amps. For example, 17 A, at 23 °C could be provided for 60-17-23 = 20 minutes each hour. When the 5502A is outputting currents between 5 and 11 amps for long periods, the internal self-heating reduces the duty cycle. Under those conditions, the allowable "on" time indicated by the formula and Figure 1 is achieved only after the 5502A is outputting currents <5 A for the "off" period first.</p>

[4] Subject to compliance voltages limits.

Range	Resolution µA	Max Compliance Voltage V rms ^[1]						
29 to 329.99 μ A	0.01	7						
0.33 to 3.29999 mA	0.01	7						
3.3 to 32.9999 mA	0.1	5						
33 to 329.999 mA	1	5						
0.33 to 2.99999 A	10	4						
3 to 20.5 A	100	3						
[1] Subject to specification adder for compliance voltages greater than 1 V rms.								



Capacitance

	Absolute Unc ±5	ertainty, tcal °C		Allowed Frequency or Charge-Discharge Rate			
Benge	±(% of output	+ floor) [1] [2] [3]	Decolution			go	
Kange	90 Day	1 Year	Kesolution	Min and Max to Meet Specification	Typical Max for <0.5 % Error	Typical Max for <1 % Error	
220.0 to 399.9 pF	0.38 + 0.01 nF	0.5 + 0.01 nF	0.1 pF	10 Hz to 10 kHz	20 kHz	40 kHz	
0.4 to 1.0999 nF	0.38 + 0.01 nF	0.5 + 0.01 nF	0.1 pF	10 Hz to 10 kHz	30 kHz	50 kHz	
1.1 to 3.2999 nF	0.38 + 0.01 nF	0.5 + 0.01 nF	0.1 pF	10 Hz to 3 kHz	30 kHz	50 kHz	
3.3 to 10.999 nF	0.19 + 0.01 nF	0.25 + 0.01 nF	1 pF	10 Hz to 1 kHz	20 kHz	25 kHz	
11 to 32.999 nF	0.19 + 0.1 nF	0.25 + 0.1 nF	1 pF	10 Hz to 1 kHz	8 kHz	10 kHz	
33 to 109.99 nF	0.19 + 0.1 nF	0.25 + 0.1 nF	10 pF	10 Hz to 1 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	
110 to 329.99 nF	0.19 + 0.3 nF	0.25 + 0.3 nF	10 pF	10 Hz to 1 kHz	2.5 kHz	3.5 kHz	
0.33 to 1.0999 μF	0.19 + 1 nF	0.25 + 1 nF	100 pF	10 to 600 Hz	1.5 kHz	2 kHz	
1.1 to 3.2999 µF	0.19 + 3 nF	0.25 + 3 nF	100 pF	10 to 300 Hz	800 Hz	1 kHz	
3.3 to 10.999 µF	0.19 + 10 nF	0.25 + 10 nF	1 nF	10 to 150 Hz	450 Hz	650 Hz	
11 to 32.999 µF	0.30 + 30 nF	0.40 + 30 nF	1 nF	10 to 120 Hz	250 Hz	350 Hz	
33 to 109.99 µF	0.34 + 100 nF	0.45 + 100 nF	10 nF	10 to 80 Hz	150 Hz	200 Hz	
110 to 329.99 μF	0.34 + 300 nF	0.45 + 300 nF	10 nF	0 to 50 Hz	80 Hz	120 Hz	
0.33 to 1.0999 mF	0.34 + 1 μ F	0.45 + 1 μ F	100 nF	0 to 20 Hz	45 Hz	65 Hz	
1.1 to 3.2999 mF	0.34 + 3 μ F	0.45 + 3 μ F	100 nF	0 to 6 Hz	30 Hz	40 Hz	
3.3 to 10.999 mF	0.34 + 10 μ F	0.45 + 10 μ F	1 μ F	0 to 2 Hz	15 Hz	20 Hz	
11 to 32.999 mF	0.7 + 30 μ F	0.75 + 30 μ F	1 μ F	0 to 0.6 Hz	7.5 Hz	10 Hz	
33 to 110.00 mF	1.0 + 100 μF	1.1 + 100 μF	10 μ F	0 to 0.2 Hz	3 Hz	5 Hz	

[1] The output is continuously variable from 220 pF to 110 mF.

[2] Specifications apply to both dc charge/discharge capacitance meters and ac RCL meters. The maximum allowable peak voltage is 3 V. The maximum allowable peak current is 150 mA, with an rms limitation of 30 mA below 1.1 μF and 100 mA for 1.1 μF and above.

[3] The maximum lead resistance for no additional error in 2-wire COMP mode is 10 $\Omega.$

TC Type	Range °C ^[2]	Absolute Source/Mea ±	Uncertainty sure tcal ±5 °C °C ^[3]	TC Tvpe ^[1]	Range °C ^[2]	Absolute Uncertainty Source/Measure tcal $\pm 5 \text{ °C } \pm \text{ °C}^{[3]}$		
		90 Day	1 Year			90 Day	1 Year	
	600 to 800	0.42	0.44		-200 to -100	0.37	0.37	
D	800 to 1000	0.34	0.34	L	-100 to 800	0.26	0.26	
в	1000 to 1550	0.30	0.30		800 to 900	0.17	0.17	
	1550 to 1820	0.26	0.33		-200 to -100	0.30	0.40	
	0 to 150	0.23	0.30		-100 to -25	0.17	0.22	
	150 to 650	0.19	0.26	N	-25 to 120	0.15	0.19	
С	650 to 1000	0.23	0.31		120 to 410	0.14	0.18	
	1000 to 1800	0.38	0.50		410 to 1300	0.21	0.27	
	1800 to 2316	0.63	0.84		0 to 250	0.48	0.57	
	-250 to -100	0.38	0.50	R	250 to 400	0.28	0.35	
Е	-100 to -25	0.12	0.16		400 to 1000	0.26	0.33	
	-25 to 350	0.10	0.14		1000 to 1767	0.30	0.40	
	350 to 650	0.12	0.16		0 to 250	0.47	0.47	
	650 to 1000	0.16	0.21		250 to 1000	0.30	0.36	
	-210 to -100	0.20	0.27	° I	1000 to 1400	0.28	0.37	
	-100 to -30	0.12	0.16		1400 to 1767	0.34	0.46	
J	-30 to 150	0.10	0.14		-250 to -150	0.48	0.63	
	150 to 760	0.13	0.17		-150 to 0	0.18	0.24	
	760 to 1200	0.18	0.23		0 to 120	0.12	0.16	
	-200 to -100	0.25	0.33	1	120 to 400	0.10	0.14	
	-100 to -25	0.14	0.18		-200 to 0	0.56	0.56	
К	-25 to 120	0.12	0.16	U	0 to 600	0.27	0.27	
	120 to 1000	0.19	0.26					
	1000 to 1372	0.30	0.40					
[1] Ter	nperature standard	ITS-90 or IPTS-6	8 is selectable.					
TC simul	ating and measuring	g are not specifie	ed for operation in el	ectromagr	netic fields above 0.4	V/m.		

FLUKE ®

Calibration

Temperature Calibration (Thermocouple)

[2] Resolution is 0.01 °C

[3] Does not include thermocouple error



Temperature Calibration (RTD)

RTD Type	Range °C ^[1]	Absolute Ur ±5 °C	Absolute Uncertainty tcal $\pm 5 \text{ °C } \pm \text{ °C}^{[2]}$		Range °C ^[1]	Absolute U tcal ±5 °	ncertainty C \pm °C ^[2]
	•	90 Day	1 Year		•	90 Day	1 Year
	-200 to -80	0.04	0.05		-200 to -80	0.03	0.04
ΙΓ	-80 to 0	0.05	0.05		-80 to 0	0.04	0.05
	0 to 100	0.07	0.07		0 to 100	0.05	0.05
Pt 385,	100 to 300	0.08	0.09	Pt 385,	100 to 260	0.06	0.06
100 32	300 to 400	0.09	0.10	500 Ω	260 to 300	0.07	0.08
[400 to 630	0.10	0.12		300 to 400	0.07	0.08
Ι Γ	630 to 800	0.21	0.23		400 to 600	0.08	0.09
	-200 to -80	0.04	Absolute Uncertainty ical ±5 °C ± °C Absolute Uncertainty ical ±5 °C ± °C Provestical test of tes	0.11			
I F	-80 to 0	0.05	0.05		-200 to -80	0.03	0.03
Pt 3926,	0 to 100	0.07	0.07		-80 to 0	0.03	0.03
100 Ω	100 to 300	0.08	0.09		0 to 100	0.03	0.04
I F	300 to 400	0.09	0.10	Pt 385,	100 to 260	0.04	0.05
I F	400 to 630	0.10	0.12	1000 Ω	260 to 300	0.05	0.06
	-200 to -190	0.25	0.25		300 to 400	0.05	0.07
	-190 to -80	0.04	0.04		400 to 600	0.06	0.07
[-80 to 0	0.05	0.05		600 to 630	0.22	0.23
	0 to 100	0.06	0.06	PtNi 385.	-80 to 0	0.06	0.08
Pt 3916,	100 to 260	0.06	0.07	120 Ω	0 to 100	0.07	0.08
100 32	260 to 300	0.07	0.08	(Ni120)	100 to 260	0.13	0.14
[300 to 400	0.08	0.09	Cu 42 <u>7</u>	100 to 260	0.2	0.2
[400 to 600	0.08	0.10	10 Ω ^[3]	-100 to 260	0.3	0.3
	600 to 630	0.21	0.23				
	-200 to -80	0.03	0.04				
[-80 to 0	0.03	0.04				
	0 to 100	0.04	0.04				
Pt 385,	100 to 260	0.04	0.05				
200 Ω	260 to 300	0.11	0.12				
1 L	300 to 400	0.12	0.13				
I [400 to 600	0.12	0.14				
	600 to 630	0.14	0.16				
[1] Resol	ution is 0.003 °C						

[2] Applies for COMP OFF (to the 5502A Calibrator front panel NORMAL terminals) and 2-wire and 4-wire compensation.

[3] Based on MINCO Application Aid No. 18



Phase

1-Year Absolute Uncertainty, tcal ± 5 °C, ($\Delta \Phi$ °)								
Frequency (Hz)								
10 to 65 Hz 65 to 500 Hz 500 Hz to 1 kHz 1 to 5 kHz 5 to 10 kHz 10 to 30 kHz								
0.15 °	0.9 °	2 °	6 °	10 °	15 °			
Note	Note							
See Power and Du	al Output Limit Specif	ications for applicable	outputs.					

				Power Uncertainty Adder due to Phase Error							
Phase (Φ) Watts	Phase (Φ) VARs	PF	10 to 65 Hz	65 to 500 Hz	500 Hz to 1 kHz	1 to 5 kHz	5 to 10 kHz	10 to 30 kHz			
0 °	90 °	1.0	0.00 %	0.01 %	0.06 %	0.55 %	1.52 %	3.41 %			
5 °	85 °	0.996	0.02 %	0.15 %	0.37 %	1.46 %	3.04 %	5.67 %			
10 °	80 °	0.985	0.05 %	0.29 %	0.68 %	2.39 %	4.58 %	7.97 %			
15 °	75 °	0.966	0.07 %	0.43 %	1.00 %	3.35 %	6.17 %	10.34 %			
20 °	70 °	0.940	0.10 %	0.58 %	1.33 %	4.35 %	7.84 %	12.83 %			
25 °	65 °	0.906	0.12 %	0.74 %	1.69 %	5.42 %	9.62 %	15.48 %			
30 °	60 °	0.866	0.15 %	0.92 %	2.08 %	6.58 %	11.54 %	18.35 %			
35 °	55 °	0.819	0.18 %	1.11 %	2.50 %	7.87 %	13.68 %	21.53 %			
40 °	50 °	0.766	0.22 %	1.33 %	2.99 %	9.32 %	16.09 %	25.12 %			
45 °	45 °	0.707	0.26 %	1.58 %	3.55 %	11.00 %	18.88 %	29.29 %			
50 °	40 °	0.643	0.31 %	1.88 %	4.22 %	13.01 %	22.21 %	34.25 %			
55 °	35 °	0.574	0.37 %	2.26 %	5.05 %	15.48 %	26.32 %	40.37 %			
60 °	30 °	0.500	0.45 %	2.73 %	6.11 %	18.65 %	31.60 %	48.24 %			
65 °	25 °	0.423	0.56 %	3.38 %	7.55 %	22.96 %	38.76 %	58.91 %			
70 °	20 °	0.342	0.72 %	4.33 %	9.65 %	29.27 %	49.23 %	74.52 %			
75 °	15 °	0.259	0.98 %	5.87 %	13.09 %	39.56 %	66.33 %	100.00 %			
80 °	10 °	0.174	1.49 %	8.92 %	19.85 %	59.83 %	100.00 %	_			
85 °	5 °	0.087	2.99 %	17.97 %	39.95 %	_	_	—			
90 °	0 °	0.000	_	_	_	_	_	_			

To calculate exact ac watts power adders due to phase uncertainty for values not shown, use the subsequent formula:

$$Adder(\%) = 100(1 - \frac{Cos(\Phi + \Delta \Phi)}{Cos(\Phi)})$$

For example: For a PF of .9205 (Φ = 23) and a phase uncertainty of $\Delta\Phi$ = 0.15, the ac watts power adder is:

$$Adder(\%) = 100(1 - \frac{Cos(23 + .15)}{Cos(23)}) = 0.11\%$$



AC and DC Power Specifications

Power is simulated through the controlled simultaneous outputs of voltage and current from the Calibrator. While the amplitude and frequency ranges of the outputs are broad, there are certain combinations of voltage and current where the specifications are valid. In general these are for all dc voltages and currents, and AC voltages of 30 mV to 1020 V, ac currents from 33 mA to 20.5 A, for frequencies from 10 Hz to 30 kHz. Operation outside of these areas, within the overall calibrator capabilities, is possible, but it is not specified. The table and figure below illustrate the specified areas where power and dual output are possible.

Specification Limits for Power and Dual Output Operation

Frequency	Voltages (NORMAL)	Currents	Voltages (AUX)	Power Factor (PF)
dc	0 to ±1020 V	0 to ±20.5 A	0 to ±7 V	
10 to 45 Hz	33 mV to 32.9999 V	3.3 mA to 2.99999 A	10 mV to 5 V	0 to 1
45 to 65 Hz	33 mV to 1020 V	3.3 mA to 20.5 A	10 mV to 5 V	0 to 1
65 to 500 Hz	330 mV to 1020 V	33 mA to 2.99999 A	100 mV to 5 V	0 to 1
65 to 500 Hz	3.3 to 1020 V	33 mA to 20.5 A	100 mV to 5 V	0 to 1
500 Hz to 1 kHz	330 mV to 1020 V	33 mA to 20.5 A	100 mV to 5 V	0 to 1
1 to 5 kHz	3.3 to 500 V	33 mA to 2.99999 A	100 mV to 5 V	0 to 1
5 to 10 kHz	3.3 to 250 V	33 to 329.99 mA	1 to 5 V	0 to 1
10 to 30 kHz	3.3 V to 250 V	33 mA to 329.99 mA	1 V to 3.29999 V	0 to 1

Notes

The range of voltages and currents shown in "DC Voltage Specifications," "DC Current Specifications," "AC Voltage (Sine Wave) Specifications," and "AC Current (Sine Wave) Specifications" are available in the power and dual output modes (except minimum current for ac power is 0.33 mA). Only those limits shown in this table and illustrated in the following figure are specified.

See "Calculate Power Uncertainty" to determine the uncertainty at these points.

The phase adjustment range for dual ac outputs is 0 $^\circ$ to ± 179.99 $^\circ.$ The phase resolution for dual ac outputs is 0.01 $^\circ.$



Figure 2. Permissible Combinations of AC Voltage and AC Current for Power and Dual Output



Calculate the Uncertainty Specifications of Power and Dual Output Settings

Overall uncertainty for power output in watts (or VARs) is based on the root sum square (rss) of the individual uncertainties in percent for the selected voltage, current, and, if AC power, the phase parameters:

Watts uncertainty $U_{\text{power}} = \sqrt{U^2 \text{Voltage} + U^2 \text{Current} + U^2 \text{Phase}}$ VARs uncertainty $U_{\text{VARs}} = \sqrt{U^2 \text{Voltage} + U^2 \text{Current} + U^2 \text{Phase}}$

Dual Output uncertainty

 $U_{\text{Dual}} = \sqrt{U^2 \text{Voltage} + U^2 \text{AuxVoltage} + U^2 \text{Phase}}$

Because there are an infinite number of combinations, you must calculate the actual ac power uncertainty for your selected parameters. The results of this method of calculation are shown in the subsequent example. These examples are at various selected calibrator settings (with 1-year specifications):

Examples of Specified Power Uncertainties at Various Output Settings:

		Selected O	utput Setting	Absolute Uncertainty as specified for tcal ±5 °C, ±(% of output setting)			Power Absolute Uncerainty ±(% of Watts) ^[1]		
Voltage Setting (Volts)	Current Setting (Amps)	Frequency Hz	Phase Setting (units of PF)	Phase Setting (Degrees)	Selected Power (Watts)	U _{Voltage}	U _{Current}	$oldsymbol{U}_{ ext{Phase}}$	UPower
+10.000	+0.500.000	DC			5	0.00550 %	0.04680 %		0.047 %
15.000	+2.0000	DC			30	0.00533 %	0.03220 %		0.033 %
100.000	+20.000	DC			2000	0.00600 %	0.10375 %		0.104 %
1000.00	20.000	DC			20000	0.00565 %	0.10375 %		0.104 %
120.000	1.00000	60	1	0.0	120	0.05250 %	0.06000 %	0.000 %	0.080 %
120.000	1.00000	60	0.766	40.0	91.92	0.05250 %	0.06000 %	0.220 %	0.234 %
240.000	1.00000	50	1	0.0	240	0.05125 %	0.06000 %	0.000 %	0.079 %
240.000	1.00000	50	0.766	40.0	183.84	0.05125 %	0.06000 %	0.220 %	0.234 %
1000.00	20	55	1	0.0	20000	0.05200 %	0.14500 %	0.000 %	0.154 %
1000.00	20	55	0.766	40.0	15320	0.05200 %	0.14500 %	0.220 %	0.269 %
1000.00	20	55	-0.906	-25.0	18120	0.05200 %	0.14500 %	0.122 %	0.196 %
100	0.30	30000	1	0.0	30.0	0.12900 %	0.4667 %	3.407 %	3.442 %
100	0.30	30000	0.766	40.0	22.98	0.12900 %	0.4667 %	25.128 %	25.133 %
[1] <i>H</i>	Add 0.02 % un current ranges	less a settling within 30 sec	time of 30 sec onds of an out	onds is allow put current >	ved for output c 10 A.	urrents >10 A	or for curren	ts on the hig	ghest two



Calculate Power Uncertainty

Overall uncertainty for power output in watts (or VARs) is based on the root sum square (RSS) of the individual uncertainties in percent for the selected voltage, current, and phase parameters:

Watts uncertainty $U_{\text{Power}} = \sqrt{U^2 \text{Voltage} + U^2 \text{Current} + U^2 \text{Phase}}$

VARs uncertainty $U_{\text{VARs}} = \sqrt{U^2 \text{Voltage} + U^2 \text{Current} + U^2 \text{Phase}}$

Because there are an infinite number of combinations, you must calculate the actual ac power uncertainty for your selected parameters. The method of calculation is best shown in the subsequent examples (with 1-year specifications):

Example 1 Output: 100 V, 1 A, 60 Hz, Power Factor = 1.0 (Φ=0).

Voltage Uncertainty Uncertainty for 100 V at 60 Hz is 0.050 % + 3 mV, totaling: $100 V \times .0.0005 = 50 mV$ added to 3 mV = 53 mV. Expressed in percent: $53 mV/100 V \times 100 = 0.053 \%$ (see "AC Voltage (Sine Wave) Specifications").

Current Uncertainty Uncertainty for 1 A at 60 Hz is 0.05 % +100 μ A, totaling: 1 A x 0.0005 = 500 μ A added to 100 μ A = 0.6 mA. Expressed in percent: 0. 6 mA/1 A x 100 = <u>0.06 %</u> (see "AC Current (Sine Waves) Specifications").

Phase Uncertainty (Watts) Adder for PF = 1 (Φ =0) at 60 Hz is <u>0 %</u> (see "Phase Specifications").

Total Power Uncertainty = $U_{power} = \sqrt{0.053^2 + 0.06^2 + 0^2} = 0.080\%$

Example 2 Output: 100 V, 1 A, 400 Hz, Power Factor = 0.5 (Φ=60)

Voltage Uncertainty Uncertainty for 100 V at 400 Hz is 0.050% + 3 mV, totaling: 100 V x .0.0005 = 50 mV added to 3 mV = 53 mV. Expressed in percent: 53 mV/100 V x 100 = 0.053 % (see "AC Voltage (Sine Wave) Specifications").

Current Uncertainty Uncertainty for 1 A at 400 Hz is 0.05 % +100 μ A, totaling: 1 A x 0.0005 = 500 μ A added to 100 μ A = 0.6 mA. Expressed in percent: 0.6 mA/1 A x 100 = <u>0.06 %</u> (see "AC Current (Sine Waves) Specifications").

Phase Uncertainty (Watts) Adder for PF = 0.5 (Φ=60) at 400 Hz is 2.73 % (see "Phase Specifications").

Total Power Uncertainty = $U_{power} = \sqrt{0.053^2 + 0.06^2 + 2.73^2} = 2.73\%$

VARs When the Power Factor approaches 0.0, the Watts output uncertainty becomes unrealistic because the dominant characteristic is the VARs (volts-amps-reactive) output. In these cases, calculate the Total VARs Output Uncertainty, as shown in example 3:

Example 3 Output: 100 V, 1 A, 60 Hz, Power Factor = 0.174 (Ф=80)

Voltage Uncertainty Uncertainty for 100 V at 60 Hz is 0.050% + 3 mV, totaling: 100 V x 0.0005 = 50 mV added to 3 mV = 53 mV. Expressed in percent: $53 \text{ mV}/100 \text{ V} \times 100 = 0.053 \%$ (see "AC Voltage (Sine Wave) Specifications").

Current Uncertainty Uncertainty for 1 A at 60 Hz is $0.05 \% +100 \mu$ A, totaling: 1 A x $0.0005 = 500 \mu$ A added to 100 μ A = 0.6 mA. Expressed in percent: 0. 6 mA/1 A x 100 = 0.06 % (see "AC Current (Sine Waves) Specifications").

Phase Uncertainty (VARs) Adder for Φ =80 at 60 Hz is 0.05 % (see "Phase Specifications").

Total VARS Uncertainty = $U_{VARs} = \sqrt{0.053^2 + 0.06^2 + 0.05^2} = 0.094\%$

Additional Specifications

The subsequent paragraphs provide additional specifications for the 5502A Calibrator ac voltage and ac current functions. These specifications are valid after allowing a warm-up period of 30 minutes, or twice the time the 5502A has been turned off. All extended range specifications are based on performing the internal zero-cal function at weekly intervals, or when the ambient temperature changes by more than 5 °C.

Frequency

Frequency Range	Resolution	1-Year Absolute Uncertainty, tcal ±5 °C ±(ppm + mHz)	Jitter
0.01 to 119.99 Hz	0.01 Hz	25 + 1	2 μ s
120.0 to 1199.9 Hz	0.1 Hz	25 + 1	2 μ s
1.2 to 11.999 kHz	1 Hz	25 + 1	2 μ s
12 to 119.99 kHz	10 Hz	25 + 15	140 ns
120.0 to 1199.9 kHz	100 Hz	25 + 15	140 ns
1.2 to 2.000 MHz	1 kHz	25 + 15	140 ns



Harmonics (2nd to 50th)

Fundamental Frequency ^[1]	Voltages NORMAL Terminals	Currents	Voltages AUX Terminals	Amplitude Uncertainty	
10 to 45 Hz	33 mV to 32.9999 V	3.3 mA to 2.99999 A	10 mV to 5 V	G 0/ f	
45 to 65 Hz	33 mV to 1020 V	3.3 mA to 20.5 A	10 mV to 5 V	Same % OI	
65 to 500 Hz	33 mV to 1020 V	33 mA to 20.5 A	100 mV to 5 V	equivalent	
500 Hz to 5 kHz	330 mV to 1020 V	33 mA to 20.5 A	100 mV to 5 V	single output,	
5 to 10 kHz	3.3 to 1020 V	33 to 329.9999 mA	100 mV to 5 V	but twice the	
10 to 30 kHz	3.3 to 1020 V	33 to 329.9999 mA	100 mV to 3.29999 V	noor adder.	
 [1] The maximum frequency of the harmonic output is 30 kHz (10 kHz for 3.3 to 5 V on the Aux terminals). For example, if the fundamental output is 5 kHz, the maximum selection is the 6th harmonic (30 kHz). All harmonic frequencies (2nd to 50th) are available for fundamental outputs between 10 Hz and 600 Hz (200 Hz for 3.3 to 5 V on the Aux terminals). 					

Phase Uncertainty	Phase uncertainty for harmonic outputs is 1 degree or the phase
-	uncertainty shown in "Phase Specifications" for the particular
	output, whichever is greater. For example, the phase uncertainty
	of a 400 Hz fundamental output and 10 kHz harmonic output is
	10 ° (from "Phase Specifications"). Another example, the phase
	uncertainty of a 50 Hz fundamental output and a 400 Hz harmonic
	output is 1 degree.

Example of determining Amplitude Uncertainty in a Dual Output Harmonic Mode

What are the amplitude uncertainties for the following dual outputs?

NORMAL (Fundamental) Output:	
100 V, 100 Hz	From "AC Voltage (Sine Wave) 90 Day Specifications" the single output specification for 100 V, 100 Hz, is 0.039 % + 3 mV. For the dual output in this example, the specification is 0.039 % + 6 mV as the 0.039 % is the same, and the floor is twice the value (2 x 3 mV).
AUX (50th Harmonic) Output:	
100 mV, 5 kHz	From "AC Voltage (Sine Wave) 90 Day Specifications" the auxiliary output specification for 100 mV, 5 kHz, is 0.15 % + 450 μ V. For the dual output in this example, the specification is 0.15 % + 900 μ V as the 0.15 % is the same, and the floor is twice the value (2 x 450 μ V).

AC	Voltage (Sine	Wave) Extended Ban	dwidth	
	Range	Frequency	1–Year Absolute Uncertainty tcal ±5 °C	
Normal Channel (Single Output Mode)				

Range	Frequency	Uncertainty tcal ±5 °C	Max Voltage Resolution			
Normal Channel (Single Output Mode)						
1.0 to 33 mV		±(5.0 % of	Two digits, e.g., 25 mV			
34 to 330 mV	0.01 to 9.99 Hz	output +0.5 %	Three digits			
0.4 to 33 V		of range)	Two digits			
0.2 to 2.2 V	500.1 kHz to 1 MHz	-10 dB at 1 MHz, typical	Two digits			
0.3 10 3.3 V	1.001 to 2 MHz	-31 dB at 2 MHz, typical	Two algits			
	Auxiliary Outpu	ut (Dual Output Mode)				
10 to 330 mV		±(5.0 % of	Three digits			
0.4 to 5 V	0.01 to 9.99 Hz	output +0.5 %	Two digits			
		of range)				



Calibration

AC Voltage (Non-Sine Wave)

Uncertainty is stated in p-p. Amplitude is verified using an rms-responding DMM. Uncertainty for Truncated Sine outputs is typical over this frequency band.

[2]

[3]



Square Wave Range (p-p) ^[1]	Frequency	1-Year Absolute Uncertainty, tcal \pm 5 °C, \pm (% of output + % of range) ^[2]	Max Voltage Resolution			
	Normal Channel (Single Output Mode)					
	0.01 to 10 Hz	5.0 + 0.5	Two digits on each range			
	10 to 45 Hz	0.25 + 0.5				
2.9 to 65.999 mV	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.25 + 0.25	Sin digita on oach rongo			
	1 to 20 kHz	0.5 + 0.25	Six digits on each range			
	20 to 100 kHz	5.0 + 0.5				
	0.01 to 10 Hz	5.0 + 0.5	Two digits on each range			
	10 to 45 Hz	0.25 + 0.5				
66 to 659.999 mV	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.25 + 0.25	Sin digita on oach rongo			
	1 to 20 kHz	0.5 + 0.25	Six digits on each range			
	20 to 100 kHz	5.0 + 0.5				
	0.01 to 10 Hz	5.0 + 0.5	Two digits on each range			
	10 to 45 Hz	0.25 + 0.5				
0.66 to 6.59999 V	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.25 + 0.25	Six digits on each range			
	1 to 20 kHz	0.5 + 0.25	Six digits on each range			
	20 to 100 kHz	5.0 + 0.5				
	0.01 to 10 Hz	5.0 + 0.5	Two digits on each range			
	10 to 45 Hz	0.25 + 0.5				
6.6 to 66.0000 V	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.25 + 0.25	Gin dinita an anal warma			
	1 to 20 kHz	0.5 + 0.25	Six digits on each range			
	20 to 100 kHz	5.0 + 0.5				
	Āux	iliary Output (Dual Output Mode)				
	0.01 to 10 Hz	5.0 + 0.5	Two digits on each range			
	10 to 45 Hz	0.25 + 0.5				
29 to 659.999 mV	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.25 + 0.25	Six digits on each range			
	1 to 10 kHz ^[3]	5.0 + 0.5	5 5			
	0.01 to 10 Hz	5.0 + 0.5	Two digits on each range			
0.001.0 00000 17	10 to 45 Hz	0.25 + 0.5				
0.66 to 6.59999 V	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.25 + 0.25	Six digits on each range			
	1 to 10 kHz ^[3]	5.0 + 0.5	5 5			
	0.01 to 10 Hz	5.0 + 0.5	Two digits on each range			
0.01.14.0000.17	10 to 45 Hz	0.25 + 0.5				
6.6 to 14.0000 V	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.25 + 0.25	Six digits on each range			
	1 to 10 kHz ^[3]	5.0 + 0.5				
[1] To convert p	-p to rms for square wave.	multiply the p-p value by 0.5.				

AC Voltage (Non-Sine Wave) (cont.)

p-p ipiy

[2] Uncertainty is stated in p-p. Amplitude is verified using an rms-responding DMM.

[3] Limited to 1 kHz for Auxiliary outputs \geq 6.6 V p-p.

AC Voltage, DC Offset

Range [1] (Normal Channel) Offset Range [2]		Max Peak Signal	1-Year Absolute Uncertainty, tcal $\pm 5 ^{\circ}C^{[3]} \pm (\% \text{ of dc output + floor})$				
Sine Waves (rms)							
3.3 to 32.999 mV	0 to 50 mV	80 mV	0.1 + 33 μV				
33 to 329.999 mV	0 to 500 mV	800 mV	0.1 + 330 μ V				
0.33 to 3.29999 V	0 to 5 V	8 V	0.1 + 3300 μ V				
3.3 to 32.9999 V	0 to 50 V	55 V	0.1 + 33 mV				
Triangle Waves and Truncated Sine Waves (p-p)							
9.3 to 92.999 mV	0 to 50 mV	80 mV	0.1 + 93 μV				
93 to 929.999 mV	0 to 500 mV	800 mV	0.1 + 930 μV				
0.93 to 9.29999 V	0 to 5 V	8 V	0.1 + 9300 μ V				
9.3 to 93.0000 V	0 to 50 V	55 V	0.1 + 93 mV				
Square Waves (p-p)							
6.6 to 65.999 mV	0 to 50 mV	80 mV	0.1 + 66 μV				
66 to 659.999 mV	0 to 500 mV	800 mV	0.1 + 660 μV				
0.66 to 6.59999 V	0 to 5 V	8 V	0.1 + 6600 μ V				
6.6 to 66.0000 V	0 to 50 V	55 V	0.1 + 66 mV				
[1] Offsets are not allowed on rang	es above the highest rang	e shown above.					
[2] The maximum offset value is determined by the difference between the peak value of the selected voltage output and the allowable maximum peak signal. For example, a 10 V p-p square wave output has a peak value of 5 V, allowing a							

maximum offset up to \pm 50 V to not exceed the 55 V maximum peak signal. The maximum offset values shown above are for the minimum outputs in each range.

[3] For frequencies 0.01 to 10 Hz, and 500 kHz to 2 MHz, the offset uncertainty is 5 % of output, ±1 % of the offset range.



AC Voltage, Square Wave Characteristics

Risetime @ 1 kHz Typical	Settling Time @ 1 kHz Typical	Overshoot @ 1 kHz Typical	Duty Cycle Range	Duty Cycle Uncertainty
<1 μ s	<10 μ s to 1 % of final value	<2 %	1 % to 99 % <3.3 V p-p. 0,01 Hz to 100 kHz	±(0.02 % of period + 100 ns), 50 % duty cycle ±(0.05 % of period + 100 ns), other duty cycles from 10 % to 90 %

AC Voltage, Triangle Wave Characteristics (typical)

Linearity to 1 kHz	Aberrations
0.3 % of p-p value, from 10 % to 90 % point	<1 % of p-p value, with amplitude >50 % of range

AC Current (Non-Sine Wave)

Triangle Wave & Truncated Sine Wave Range p-p	Frequency	Frequency1-Year Absolute Uncertainty tcal ± 5 °C $\pm(\% \text{ of output } + \% \text{ of range})$	
	10 to 45 Hz	0.25 + 0.5	
0.047 to 0.92999 mA ^[1]	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.25 + 0.25	Six digits
	1 to 10 kHz	10 + 2	
	10 to 45 Hz	0.25 + 0.5	
0.93 to 9.29999 mA $^{[1]}$	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.25 + 0.25	Six digits
	1 to 10 kHz	10 + 2	
	10 to 45 Hz	0.25 + 0.5	
9.3 to 92.9999 mA ^[1]	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.25 + 0.25	Six digits
	1 to 10 kHz	10 + 2	
	10 to 45 Hz	0.25 + 0.5	
93 to 929.999 mA ^[1]	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.25 + 0.5	Six digits
	1 to 10 kHz	10 + 2	
	10 to 45 Hz	0.5 + 1.0	
0.93 to 8.49999 A [2]	45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.5 + 0.5	
	1 to 10 kHz	10 + 2	Six digits
0 C to CZ A ^[2]	45 to 500 Hz	0.5 + 0.5	
8.5 to 57 A	500 Hz to 1 kHz	1.0 + 1.0	
[1] Frequency limited to [2] Frequency limited to	o 1 kHz with LCOMP on. o 440 Hz with LCOMP on.		



Calibration

AC Current (Non-Sine Wave) (cont.)

AC Current, Square Wave Characteristics (typical)

Range	LCOMP	Risetime	Settling Time	Overshoot
I <6 A @ 400 Hz	off	25 μ s	40 μs to 1 % of final value	<10 % for <1 V Compliance
3 A & 20 A Ranges	on	100 μ s	200 μ s to 1 % of final value	<10 % for <1 V Compliance

AC Current, Triangle Wave Characteristics (typical)

Linearity to 400 Hz	Aberrations		
0.3 % of p-p value, from 10 % to 90 % point	<1 % of p-p value, with amplitude >50 % of range		



Ordering Information

Model	
5502A	Multi–Product Calibrator
5502A/3	Multi-Product Calibrator with 300 MHz Oscilloscope Calibration Option
5502A/6	Multi-Product Calibrator with 600 MHz Oscilloscope Calibration Option
Accessories	
5522A/CARRYCASE	Rugged Carrying Case with removable front/back panels
55XX/CASE	Transit Case with Wheels
5500A/LEADS	Thermocouple and Test Lead Set
5500A/COIL	50-Turn Coil
9100-200 Coil	Dual 10 & 50 Turn Coil
5500A/HNDL	Side Handle
¥5537	Rack Mount Kit
Software	
MET/CAL	MET/CAL Plus Calibration Management Software
MET/TEAM	MET/TEAM Test Equipment Asset Management Software

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